DEAC Meeting September 19, 2013

- ♦ SGO Road Map to Success
- *♦ i-Observation (Pre-During-Post)*
- ♦ Updated Marzano Annual Evaluation: Will now include Domains 1, 2, 3, 4



Road Map to Success!



Verona Public Schools: Road Map of the SGO Process 2013-14

Step 1:

Choose/Develop a quality assessment ALIGNED to STANDARDS

Forms 1A - 1D

Consult with your evaluator to approve SGOs;
Principal makes final determination

Consult with your evaluator to discuss SGO rating

Step 4: Track progress, refine instruction Form 4A

Sept./October

By Nov. 15*

By Feb. 15

Mar. 15*

April

Step 2: Use preassessments and other data to determine students' starting points.

Form 2A, if tiered

Step 3: Set ambitious, yet achievable student growth objectives Form 3A or 3B

Adjustments made to SGOs with approval Step 5: Administer post-assessment, review results, and score.

2



SGO Steps 1 – 5 with Due Dates

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Step 1: Questions to Consider When Choosing or Developing a Quality Assessment - Due October 9 to your Evaluator

- What style assessment will best measure student growth in relation to my SGO?
- . What assessments do I have now that might I might use?
- What resources are available to find or create an assessment?
- Is the assessment standards aligned (Form 1B)? Rigorous and include a depth of knowledge (Form 1C)? Free of bias, written clearly, and possess a variety of questions/tasks (Form 1D)?
- . Will I use the same assessment, or a modification of it, as a pre-test?
- If the assessment is used as a pre-test, how does it gauge my students' level of pre-required knowledge and skills for the course I am about to teach them?
- Does my assessment measure depth of understanding and are there questions that would challenge even my most knowledgeable students?

Step 2: Ideas to Consider When to Determining Students' Starting Points

- What sources of student data are available to you?
- Is a pre-assessment something you should be using?
- Choose 1-3 sources of data to determine starting points.
 - Results from prior year tests, grades; current pre-assessment, ...
- Gather achievement data on all of your students.
- Complete (Form 2A) if using a tiered approach.
- Determine whether you should subdivide your students for the purposes of the SGO according to the achievement data.

Step 3: Key Steps for Writing Student Growth Objectives - Due November 12 to your Evaluator (Principal makes final determination)

- Determine the score on the final assessment (or portfolio) that you will set one of your SGOs towards.
- If using an assessment in which proficiency levels can be compared one year to the next, determine the change in proficiency levels towards which you will set your objective.
- Decide whether to set tiered objectives based on groupings of your students.
- Determine what "full attainment" of your SGO would look like based on target scores or growth in proficiency.
- Create brackets for other levels of attainment.
- Complete your SGO form (Form 3A or 3B) and conference with your evaluator (principal makes final determination).
- Repeat for a second SGO if necessary.

Step 4: Track Progress & Refine Instruction - December → January → February 15th (Any adjustments must be made by this date)

Using the Mid-Course Check-in Form (Form 4A) reflect on the following questions:

- How are your students progressing toward your SGOs? How do you know?
- Which students are struggling/exceeding expectations? What are you
 doing to support them?
- What additional resources do you need to support you as you work to achieve your SGOs?

Step 5: Review Results and Score In Consultation with Your Evaluator - March 15th (post-assessment date is flexible

- Administer the post-assessment.
- · Collect student performance data and consult with your evaluator to determine your rating.
- · Discuss with your evaluator the next steps for setting SGOs in the following year based on your results.



SGO Planning Forms (emailed)



Verona Public Schools SGO Form 1A: Planning Guide for Choosing or Developing a Quality Assessment

Teacher(s)	
Subject	
Grade level	
What period of instruction will the assessment include? (Note: data should be available for annual summative conference.)	to
What style assessment will best measure student growth in relation to my SGO?	Check all that apply: Predominantly written/multiple choice Performance-based Portfolio-based Other
What assessments do I have now that I might use? (Final exam, benchmark tests, portfolio assessments?)	
If I have an assessment that I might use for SGOs, do I need to modify it?	☐ I don't need to modify it. ☐ I will modify it by using the approval checklist for school based assessments and associated assessment forms. (link) Other
If I do not currently have an assessment to use, what resources are available to find or create an assessment?	
What time is available to me (and my colleagues) to devote to developing an assessment? (SGOs must be approved by your evaluator by November 15, 2013)	Check all that apply and add dates and approximate time available PLC



Observations #1 & #2 for 2013-14

- * Observations are <u>announced</u> & evaluator sends the teacher <u>pre-observation form</u>
- ♣ Teacher completes <u>pre-observation form in iObservation</u> by identifying 5 to 7 elements from DQ 1 5 for the observer & meets with evaluator
- ♣ Formal observation occurs (NT 2 Long & T 1 Long/1 Short)
- * Evaluator send teacher the <u>reflection form in iObservation</u> & shares observation with teacher

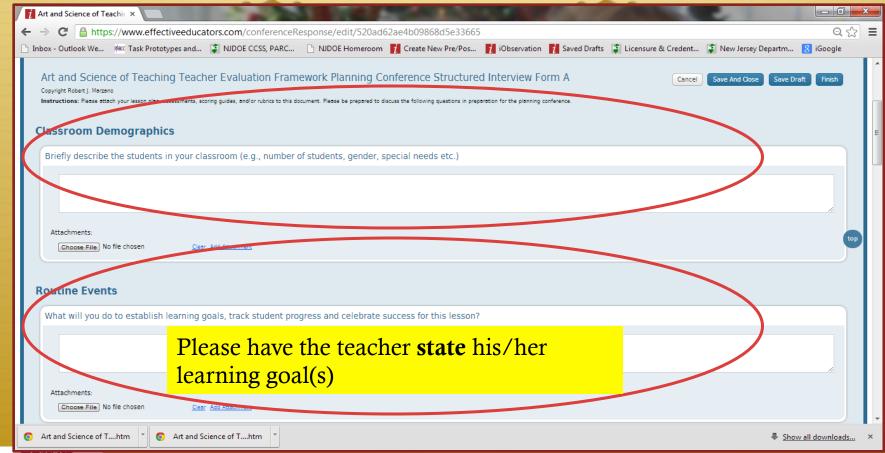
Teacher meets with observer for instructional feedback

Observation #3 for 2013-14

- ♦ No pre-conference prior to the formal observation (*Teacher does not complete pre-observation from in iObservation*)
- ♦ Observation is <u>unannounced & short</u>
- * Evaluator send teacher the <u>reflection form in</u> <u>iObservation</u> & shares observation with teacher
- → Teacher meets with observer for instructional feedback

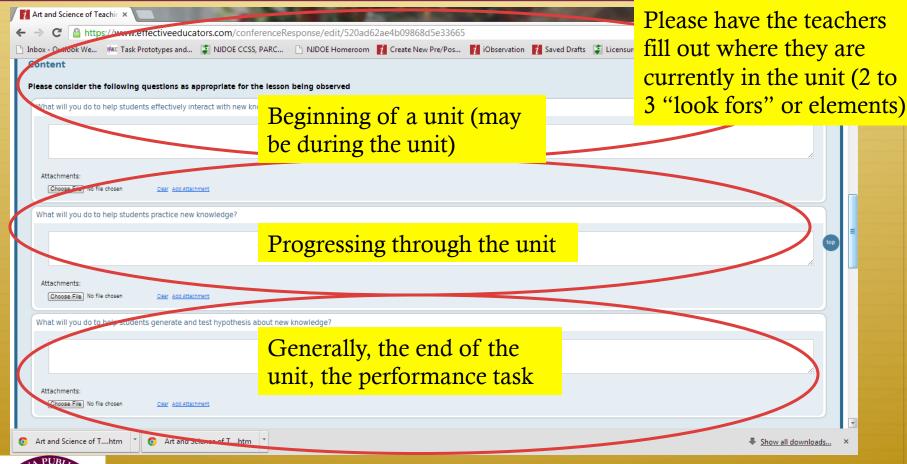


Verona Observation: Pre-Conference Form (Involving Routine Events)



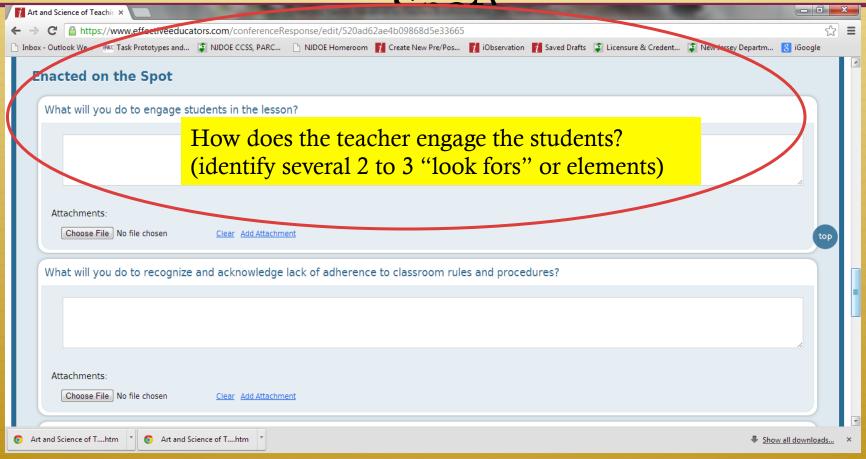


Verona Observation: Pre-Conference Form (Addressing Content)





Verona Observation: Pre-Conference Form (Enacted on the





Verona Observation: Reflection Post-Conference Form

General Reflection

Overall, how do you think the lesson went and why?

The teacher needs to fill this out after the Routine Events observation (remember ... evaluator sends In what ways did s this to the teacher)

s lesson? How did your

assessments inform your understanding of student learning?

To what extent did the organization of your classroom (room arrangement, materials) and your rules and procedures maximize student learning?

Content

How did the strategies you used to introduce new content to students support student learning?

How did the strategies you used to help students deepen and practice their understanding of new knowledge



Updated Annual Evaluation

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

70%

Lesson Segments Involving Routine Events

OQ1: Communicating Learning Goals and Feedback

- Providing Clear
 Learning Goals and
 Scales (Rubrics)
- 2. Tracking Student Progress
- 3. Celebrating Success

DQ6: Establishing Rules and Procedures

- 4. Establishing Classroom Routines
- 5. Organizing the Physical Layout of the Classroom

Note: DQ referrers to Design Questions in the Marzano Art and Science of Teaching Framework. The nine (9) DQs organize the 41 elements in Domain 1.

The final Design Question, DQ10: Developing Effective Lessons Organized into a Cohesive Unit is contained in Domain 2: Planning and Preparing.

Lesson Segments Addressing Content

DQ2: Helping Students Interact with New Knowledge

- 6. Identifying Critical Information
- Organizing Students to Interact with New Knowledge
- 8. Previewing New Content
- 9. Chunking Content into "Digestible Bites"
- 10. Processing of New Information
- 11. Elaborating on New Information
- 12. Recording and Representing Knowledge
- 13. Reflecting on Learning

DQ3: Helping Students Practice and Deepen

New Knowledge

- 14. Reviewing Content
- Organizing Students to Practice and Deepen Knowledge
- 16. Using Homework
- 17. Examining Similarities and Differences
- 18. Examining Errors in Reasoning
- 19. Practicing Skills, Strategies, and Processes
- 20. Revising Knowledge

DQ4: Helping Students Generate and Test Hypotheses

- Organizing Students for Cognitively Complex Tasks
- 22. Engaging Students in Cognitively Complex
 Tasks Involving Hypothesis Generation and
 Testing
- 28. Providing Resources and Guidance

Lesson segments Enacted on the Spot

DQ5: Engaging Students

- 24. Noticing When Students are Not Engaged
- 25. Using Academic Games
- 26. Managing Response Rates
- 27. Using Physical Movement
- 28. Maintaining a Lively Pace
- 29. Demonstrating Intensity and Enthusiasm
- 30. Using Friendly Controversy
- Providing Opportunities for Students to Talk about Themselves
- 32. Presenting Unusual or Intriguing Information

DQ7: Recognizing Adherence to

hales and Procedures

- 33. Demonstrating "Withitness"
- 34. Applying Consequences for Lack of Adherence to Rules and Procedures
- 35. Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures

DQ8: Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships with Students

- 36. Understanding Students' Interests and Background
- Using Verbal and Nonverbal Behaviors that Indicate Affection for Students
- 38. Displaying Objectivity and Control

DQ9: Communicating High Expectations for All Students

- Demonstrating Value and Respect for Low Expectancy Students
- 40. Asking Questions of Low Expectancy Students
- 41. Probing Incorrect Answers with Low Expectancy Students

10%

Domain 2: Planning and Preparing

Domain 3: Reflecting on Teaching



Domain 4: Collegiality and Professionalism

Planning and Preparing

Planning and Preparing for Lessons and Units

- 42. Effective Scaffolding of Information with Lessons
- 43. Lessons within Units
- 44. Attention to Established Content Standards

Planning and Preparing for Use of Resources and Technology

- 45. Use of Available Traditional Resources
- 46. Use of Available Technology

Planning and Preparing for the Needs of English Language Learners

47. Needs of English Language Learners

Planning and Preparing for the Needs of Students Receiving Special Education

48. Needs of Students Receiving Special Education

Planning and Preparing for the Needs of Students Who Lack Support for Schooling

49. Needs of Students Who Lack Support for Schooling

Reflecting on Teaching

Evaluating Personal Performance

- 50. Identifying Areas of Pedagogical Strength and Weakness
- Evaluating the Effectiveness of Individual Lessons and Units
 Evaluating the Effectiveness of Specific Pedagogical Strategies

and Behaviors

Developing and Implementing a Professional Growth Plan

- 53. Developing a Written Growthand Development Plan54. Manitoring Progress Relative to
- 54. Monitoring Progress Relative to the Professional Growth and Development Plan

Collegiality and Professionalism

Promoting a Positive Environment

- 55. Pomoting Positive Interactions with Colleagues
- 56. Promoting Positive Interactions about Students and Parents

Promoting Exchange of Ideas and Strategies

- Seeking Mentorship for Areas of Need or Interest
- 58. Mentoring Other Teachers and Sharing Ideas and Strategies

Promoting District and School Development

- 59. Adhering to District and School Rule and Procedures
- 60. Participating in District and School Initiatives